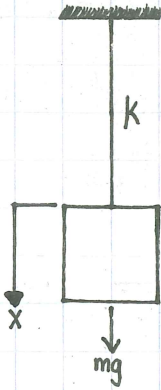


CIV102 - STRUCTURES and MATERIALS

Topic: Dynamic Amplification Factor (DAF) and Resonance

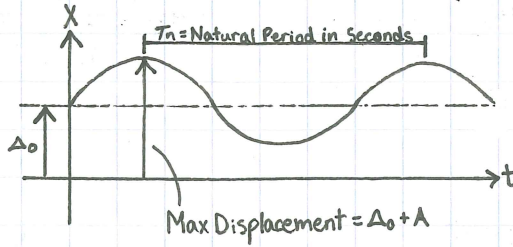
1) Case With No Damping



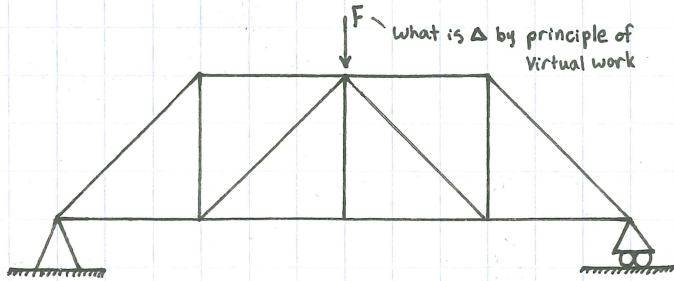
$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + kx = mg$$

$$X(t) = A \sin(\omega_n t + \phi) + \Delta_0$$

natural frequency in $\frac{\text{radians}}{\text{second}}$



$$\text{Static Displacement} = \Delta_0 = \frac{mg}{k}$$



For 1 Point Load $\rightarrow f_n \approx \frac{15.76}{\sqrt{\Delta_0}}$ if Δ_0 in mm

For Members With Uniform Loads $\rightarrow f_n = \frac{17.76}{\sqrt{\Delta_0}}$

2) Vibration With Damping

Damping means vibrational energy is statically absorbed

• Concept called critical damping \rightarrow PHY293

• We define damping as $\beta =$ fractional critical damping $\begin{cases} 0.01 = \beta \\ 0.05 = \beta \end{cases}$

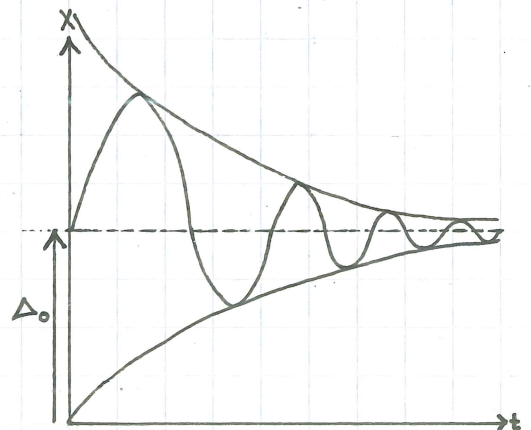
Differential Equation

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \underbrace{c \frac{dx}{dt}}_{\text{damping}} + kx = mg$$

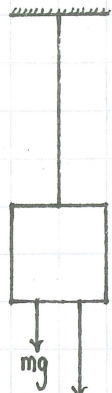
$c = 2\beta \sqrt{m \cdot k}$

$$X(t) = \underbrace{Ae^{-\beta \cdot \omega_n t}}_{\text{Exponential Decay}} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \beta^2} t + \phi) + \Delta_0$$

$\beta = \text{Small}$
 $\beta^2 = \text{Really Small}$



3) Forced Vibration with Damping



$\omega, f =$ forcing frequency
 $\omega_n, f_n =$ natural frequency

$$F(t) = F_0 \sin(\omega \cdot t)$$

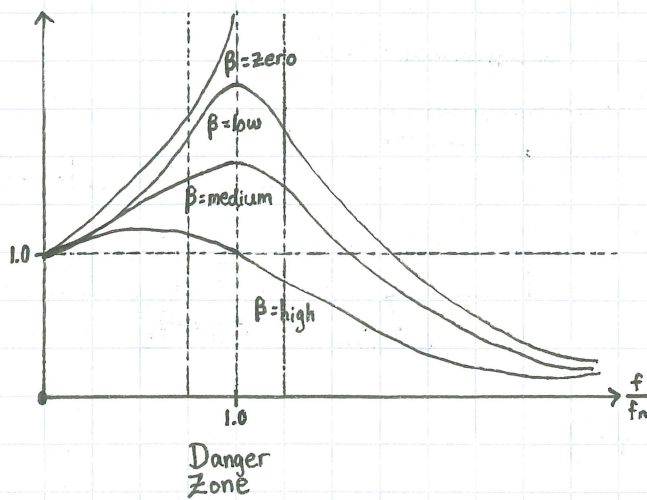
Differential Equation

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2\beta \sqrt{mk} \frac{dx}{dt} + kx = F_0 \sin(\omega t) + mg$$

$$X(t) = \underbrace{DAF}_{\text{dynamic amplification factor}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{F_0}{k}}_{\text{forcing frequency}} \cdot \underbrace{\sin(\omega t + \phi)}_{\text{static displacement}} + \Delta_0$$

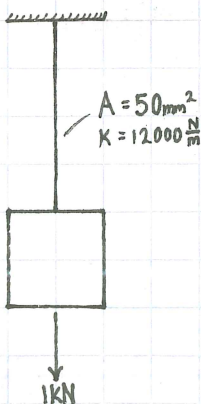
$$DAF = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1 - (\frac{f}{f_n})^2)^2 + (\frac{2\beta f}{f_n})^2}} \quad (\text{unitless})$$

Plot DAF



Maximum force experienced by structure
 Apparent $F_{max} = DAF \cdot F_0 + mg$

4) Example



Statics

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{1000N}{50mm^2} = 20 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{F}{K} = \frac{1000N}{12000 \frac{N}{m}} = 0.083 \text{ m} = 83.3 \text{ mm}$$

$$f_n = \frac{15.76}{\Delta} = 1.727 \text{ Hz}$$

Dynamics

Tells You \rightarrow Dynamic Loading = $1000N \pm 50N @ 2Hz$

$$DAF = 2.78$$

$$F_{max} = 1000N + DAF \cdot F_0 = 1000N + 2.78 \cdot 50 = 1139N \rightarrow \sigma = 22.8 \text{ MPa}$$

